Art and Design Curriculum Overview

Flintham Primary School



Approved:	J Dunderdale	Date: March 2023
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"Art, craft and design embody some of the highest forms of human creativity. A high-quality art and design education should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation."

(National Curriculum 2014)

<u>Art and design</u>

Purpose of study

Art, craft and design embody some of the highest forms of human creativity. A high-quality art and design education should engage, inspire and challenge pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create their own works of art, craft and design. As pupils progress, they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

<u>Aims</u>

- > produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences
- > become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques
- > evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design
- > know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

Foundation Stage:

Expressive Arts and Design

<u>ELG: Creating with Materials</u> Children at the expected level of development will: - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; - Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; - Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

<u>Key stage 1</u>

Pupils should be taught:

- > to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- > to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- > to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- > about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

<u>Key stage 2</u>

Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

Pupils should be taught:

- > to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay)
- about great artists, architects and designers in history.

<u>Intent</u>

At Flintham Primary School, it is evident within the school the high value that we continue to place an art and design activities.

<u>Our Aims:</u>

- Provide a broad and balanced education for all pupils
- Enable pupils to develop knowledge, understand concepts and acquire skills, and be able to choose and apply these in relevant situations
- Support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development
- Close cultural gaps/ experiences for all children in our care, (eg knowledge of London).
- Promote a positive attitude towards learning
- To give children from disadvantaged backgrounds and children with SEN the cultural capital that they need to succeed in life.
- Ensure equal access to learning, with high expectations for every pupil and appropriate levels of challenge and support
- Develop pupils' independent learning skills and resilience, to equip them for future life opportunities, experiences and responsibilities,
- Promote mental health.
- To have a clear progression of skills from FS to Year 6.
- Promote the learning and development of our youngest children and ensure they are ready for Key Stage 1

<u>Our Beliefs</u>:

- Art and design activity enriches children's learning and enables them to communicate their thoughts, ideas and observations in a practical and expressive way.
- In talking about art and evaluating their own and others' work, children are encouraged to develop their visual language, ideas and feelings.
- Through experience of a variety of materials, tools and techniques children have the opportunity to record creatively the world around them, developing skills which are often transferable to other subjects (eg maths: ratio/ proportion).
- If art is not nurtured through primary school, children enter the next stage of learning with many subjects already 'closed' to them.
- Just as in every other subject, art skills, techniques and knowledge can be taught.
- By teaching children about great artists, craft makers and designers, they develop their historical and cultural capital helping them to be 'educated citizens, introducing them to the best that has been thought and said and helping to engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement.' (National Curriculum)
- For some children, who may find other subjects difficult, it gives them a chance to 'shine' and build self-worth.
- Art has been proven to aid mental health and well-being:

'Participating in the arts can enable people to deal with a wide range of mental ill health conditions and psychological distress. The best part is that it helps people to improve their mental health through creativity. Making art is helping many people express themselves, without having to use words.' (Mental Health Foundation)

• Art gives skills that children need in order to 'take advantage of opportunities, responsibilities and experiences in later life'. This includes leisure (eg hobbies, museums, galleries, D.I.Y.). by doing so, we can 'powerfully address social disadvantage.'

	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
FS Class 1	<u>I'm special, I'm me</u> <u>Traditional tales and celebrations</u> Exploratory Art Skills	Superheroes/People who help us Into the woods Exploratory Art Skills	<u>Transport and the farm</u> <u>Around the world</u> Exploratory Art Skills	 Vocabulary: To name colours To name 'doing' words Initial vocabulary of texture To talk about likes and dislikes To develop experience through exploration and experimentation of:
	represent objects. Beginning to be interested in a Uses various construction mat Beginning to construct, stacking creating spaces. Joins construction pieces toge Realises tools can be used for Explores what happens when the Understands that different m Manipulates materials to achie Constructs with a purpose in m Uses simple tools and technique Selects appropriate resources Selects tools and techniques n Create simple representations Initiates new combinations of feelings, ideas and experiences Chooses particular colours to u	colours can be changed. an use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to ed in and describe the texture of things. In materials. tacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and s together to build and balance. d for a purpose. hen they mix colours. Experiments to create different textures. ent media can be combined to create new effects. achieve a planned effect. e in mind, using a variety of resources. chniques competently and appropriately. urces and adapts work where necessary. gues needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using ations of events, people and objects. ns of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to iences. "s to use for a purpose.		 Colour Non-figurative painting, drawings, prints and collages (eg printing from found objects, finger painting) Malleable materials (eg play dough, textured paint) Manipulating materials (eg construction kits, building and destroying, junk modelling) <u>In responding to artists and their work:</u> <u>Composition:</u> Name artistic elements (e.g. colours, patterns, textures, lines, shapes, forms and spaces) in a range of artwork (e.g. in their own work, or that of artists) <u>Communication (Artist talk)</u> Experiment with artistic elements (e.g. colours, patterns, textures, lines, shapes, forms and spaces) in their own pieces of art. <u>Comprehension (Critic Talk)</u> Identify how a piece of art makes them feel

KS1 Cycle A Class 2	Homes Pencil Sketching local buildings Box model buildings Autumnal Natural materials - printing Toys Old and New Nobservational drawings Collage using magazines	Africa Martin Bulinya Wan College Martin Bulinya African tribal art people and landscapes pastels Katie Morag and the Isle of Coll Van Gogh Starry Night Sketching Island scene Storm/weather scene	Growing GoldsworthyObservational drawings of flowers Flower printing/Natural pictures Sketching and watercolour/ collage/ mixed mediaImage: Sketching and watercolour/ image: Sketching and	 Artists: Goldsworth, Van Gogh, Martin Bulinya National Curriculum: To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. In responding to artists and their work: Composition:
KS1 Cycle B Class 2	Ourselves and significant people in our locality Van Gogh Self-portraits/Portraits The Great Fire of London	Journeys Drawing, painting, printing - sea and water movement The sea and water movement Painting of Santa Maria Food	Animals and dinosaurs Collage - creating Jurassic scene. Diorama using range of mediums. Seaside: past and present Beach hut painting	 Identify and describe artistic elements (e.g. colours, patterns, textures, lines, shapes, forms and spaces) in a variety of artistic styles (e.g. cubist, pop art, impressionist, contemporary, abstract) Recreate specific elements (e.g. colours, patterns, textures, lines, shapes, forms and spaces) of an artistic styles Revisit and build on previous learning.

	Kandinsky – colour wheel Collage of colours	Observational fruit drawings - pastel, pencil, watercolour. Printing.		 Apply their knowledge and understanding of artistic elements and different artistic styles to create their own pieces of art. <u>Comprehension (Critic Talk)</u> Describe how a piece of art makes them feel using simple language linked to artistic elements to give reasons why. Analyse how artists' make deliberate choices about composition in order to have an effect on the audience. To develop cultural capital.
KS2	Volcanoes	<u>Victorians</u>	Ancient Egypt	Artists/ cultures: Quentin Blake, William
(3/4)	Introduction of sketch books	William Morris		Morris, Lichtenstein, Warhol, Ancient
	Pastels	Pattern repeating.	Papyrus	Egyptian art, Stone Age Paintings
Class	Landscapes	Wallpaper printing.	drawings	<u>National Curriculum:</u>
3			1	1. to create sketch books to record their
Cycle	and the second sec		all die all	observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
A			Hieroglyphics	2. to improve their mastery of art and
	<u>Rocks and Fossils</u>			design techniques, including drawing,
	Pop Art Warhol and	The human body	$\begin{array}{cccc} C \smile \alpha \mid J & \gamma & P & 0 \\ D \rightleftharpoons & K \smile & Q & a \\ F & M \alpha w \alpha & R & \frown \end{array}$	painting and sculpture with a range of materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay)
	Lichtenstein		Shadow, light and sound	3. know about great artists, architects and
			Various artists - book illustrations.	designers in history
	Self-portraits		Sketching - exploring shade	4. To develop cultural capital.

KS2	Stone Age/Iron Age	Romans and Celts	Rivers, sea, city locations and	5. Revisit and build on previous learning.
(3/4)	Introduction of sketch books	Mosaics	London	
Cycle B	Early art forms (Stone Age Art - Pastels)_Cave paintings	Magnets and electricity Quentin Blake illustrations	Using a range of mediums, representations of famous London and Rio landmarks	 <u>In responding to artists and their work:</u> <u>Composition:</u> <u>Compare and contrast artistic styles (e.g. cubist, pop art, impressionist, contemporary, abstract) using some technical language linked to some artistic elements.</u> <u>Recreate artists' work in an increasing range of different artistic styles</u>
	Chauvet cave	Pre-		 Revisit and build on previous learning.
	<u>Habitats and food chains</u>	3D chair design	<u>Solids, liquids and temperature,</u> water cycle	 Communication (Artist talk) Creating art to represent something real or express an emotion, mood or message Justify their use of artistic elements and different artistic styles to make increasingly deliberate choices about
				their own pieces of art. <u>Comprehension (Critic Talk)</u> Explain how a piece of art makes them feel using some technical language linked to artistic elements and style to justify their
				 response. Investigate how artists' deliberate choices about composition have different effects on the audience, based on their personal experiences. To develop a clear understanding of pattern, texture, hues, tones, shades when analysing images and artefacts.
				• Start to build an awareness that art reflects the time and place that it was made.

	British history beyond 1066	Climate change/Brazil	Ancient Greece	 Begin to compare ideas, methods, approaches in different styles and traditions. To JUSTIFY opinions using artistic vocabulary in critical analysis- including their own work. To use this analysis as an influence on their own work. To develop cultural capital.
KS2	London skyline - silhouette of the		Ancient of eece	Tingatinga, Peter Thorpe, Picasso, World War
(5/6)	Blitz	Observational plant	Silhouettes Greek	II art, Japanese art, Ancient Greek art
(3/0)		drawings 3D effect, proportion, perspective.	vases and everyday	National Curriculum:
Cycle		proportion, perspective.	Ancient Greek life and	1. To create sketch books to record their
A			modern Greek life	observations and use them to review and
				revisit ideas
	Light and the eye		<u>Keeping healthy</u>	2. to improve their mastery of art and
	and the second second			design techniques, including drawing,
		Flour Batik rainforest	<u>Lifecycles</u>	painting and sculpture with a range of
		creature on canvas.	Japanese Art Study - <mark>Hokusai,</mark> The	materials (e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint, clay)
	Portraits, self-portraits, study of	Paintings of rainforest	Wave. Cherry Blossom tree.	3. know about great artists, architects and
	the eye, facial proportions, skin	creatures.	Wave. cherry biosson nee.	designers in history
	tone.			In responding to artists and their work:
		E COLU		<u>Composition:</u>
	British history beyond 1066			• Compare and contrast artistic styles (e.g.
	<u>continued</u>			cubist, pop art, impressionist,
	Study of Picasso			contemporary, abstract) using technical
		Evolution		 language linked to artistic elements. Recreate artists' work in a range of
				different artistic styles
		Living things		 Revisit and build on previous learning.
		Minibeast 3D model using		to the band on provides rearning.
	Make do and mend - turn item of	recyclable materials.		Communication (Artist talk)
	clothing into a bag.			

	<u>Electricity</u>			 Creating art to represent something real or express an emotion, mood or message Justify their use of artistic elements and different artistic styles to make deliberate choices about their own pieces of art.
KS2 (5/6) Cycle B	English Civil War 'Paper doll' collage of themselves as a Cavalier or Roundhead Froperties of materials	Mayans Mosaic masks	Tanzania Edward Tingatinga paintings	Comprehension (Critic Talk) Explain how a piece of art makes them feel using more technical language linked to artistic elements and style to justify their response. Investigate how artists' deliberate choices about composition have different effects on
		Forces Local area - Flintham Drawings of local buildings, perspective.	VikingsViking knotwork - designs, animals, patternsThe Earth, the sun and the moonImage: Second state of the sec	 the audience, based on their personal experiences and values. To develop a clear understanding of pattern, texture, hues, tones, shades and contrasts and mood when analysing images and artefacts. Build an awareness that art reflects the time and place that it was made. Analyse ideas, methods, approaches in different styles and traditions. To JUSTIFY opinions using artistic vocabulary in critical analysis- including their own work. To use this analysis as an influence on their own work.
				• To develop cultural capital.