

Reading

Our aim is to develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding. Throughout Key Stage 2, it is our ambition that when children have completed the RWI programme, they will be able to read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, and automatic decoding has become embedded. This will allow concentration on developing reading comprehension and fluency and prosody (reading in a natural voice).

Comprehension

- Refer to text to support opinions and predictions.
- Give a view about choice of vocabulary, structure, etc.
- Distinguish between fact and opinion.
- Appreciate how a set of sentences has been arranged to create maximum effect.
- Recognise:
 - complex sentences with more than one subordinate clause.
 - phrases which add detail to sentences.
- Explain how a writer has used sentences to create particular effects.
- Skim and scan to aide note-taking.
- Reread texts to improve fluency and prosody and confidence in word reading.
- Reread passages out loud to increase understanding of complex texts.



Listening to your child read, talking to them about stories and reading to them are the most advantageous and positive things that parents can do to support their child with their reading

Reading at Home: 4/5 times a week for 15/20 minutes

We feel that this is an essential part of a child's development and particularly recommend this for all children in Key Stage 2.

Writing

- Use subordinate clauses to write complex sentences.
- Use passive voice where appropriate.
- Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely (e.g. The fact that it was raining meant the end of sports day).
- Use a sentence structure and layout matched to requirements of text type.
- Use semi-colon, colon or dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses.
- Use colon to introduce a list and semi colon within a list.
- Use correct punctuation of bullet points.
- Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity.
- Use full range of punctuation matched to requirements of text type.
- Use wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs.
- Use paragraphs to signal change in time, scene, action, mood or person.
- Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed.



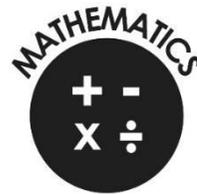
New Curriculum Spelling List Years 5 and 6



accommodate	communicate	equip	immediately	physical	sincerely
accompany	community	equipped	individual	prejudice	soldier
according	competition	equipment	interfere	privilege	stomach
achieve	conscience	especially	interrupt	profession	sufficient
aggressive	conscious	exaggerate	language	programme	suggest
amateur	controversy	excellent	leisure	pronunciation	symbol
ancient	convenience	existence	lightning	queue	system
apparent	correspond	explanation	marvellous	recognise	temperature
appreciate	criticise	familiar	mischievous	recommend	thorough
attached	curiosity	foreign	muscle	relevant	twelfth
available	definite	forty	necessary	restaurant	variety
average	desperate	frequently	neighbour	rhyme	vegetable
awkward	determined	government	nuisance	rhythm	vehicle
bargain	develop	guarantee	occupy	sacrifice	yacht
bruise	dictionary	harass	occur	secretary	
category	disastrous	hindrance	opportunity	shoulder	
cemetery	embarrass	identity	parliament	signature	
committee	environment	immediate	persuade	sincere	

Mathematics

- Use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero.
- Compare and order numbers up to 10,000,000.
- Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.
- Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy.
- Identify the value of each digit to 3 decimal places.
- Use knowledge of order of operations to carry out calculations involving four operations.
- Multiply 4-digit by 2-digit.
- Divide 4-digit by 2-digit.
- Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers.
- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in the simplest form.
- Divide proper fractions by whole numbers.
- Calculate percentage of whole number.



The children use White Rose Maths in school and there are some good resources available at home too. A simple 5-10 minutes a day can really support a child to develop their mathematical confidence.



The children also have access to Times Table Rock Stars to help them practise their times tables.

Flintham Primary School



End of Year Expectations Year 6

This booklet provides information for parents and carers on some of the end of year expectations for our children. The National Curriculum identifies these expectations as essential for children to make continued progress across each key stage.

Any extra support parents can provide in helping children to achieve these is of great benefit to the child. If you have any queries regarding the content of this booklet or want support in knowing how best to help your child, please talk to your child's teacher.

FPS wholeheartedly promotes the development of the whole child. It is important to acknowledge that alongside these national expectations we encourage families to continue to nurture their children as they always have done.

Providing the sporting, social, musical and other enriching experiences beyond our school environment is crucial to their personal development and holds equal value in our school culture.